

전음성 난청의 치료

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Treatment of Conductive Hearing Loss

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서 론

(Table 1).

가

선천성 외이도 폐쇄증(Congenital meatal atresia)

가

가

6

가

1)

가

가

가

50

가

가

2)

가

3)

가

가

가

가

(binaural hearing)

(surgical hearing loss)

가

가

가

4)

: , 442 - 721

4

5

: (031) 219 - 5266 · : (031) 219 - 5264

가

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1

Table 1. Causes of conductive hearing loss

1. Congenital meatal atresia
2. Congenital ossicular anomaly without meatal atresia
3. Traumatic ossicular disruption
4. Otosclerosis
5. Tumorous lesion
6. Tympanosclerosis
7. Otitis media with effusion
8. Chronic otitis media with or without cholesteatoma

가 1)4) 10)11)
 ,
 , 1/3
 , 1/3
 5-7)
 가

40~60 dB

9)

가

drill laser

가

10)12)

13)14)

가 13)15-17)

가

20 dB
 emer¹⁸⁾ 144 Teunissen Cr-
 72.2% , Oh¹³⁾
 17 13 (77%)
 , Park¹²⁾ 19 15
 (78.9%)

선천성 이소골 기형(Isolated congenital ossicular anomaly)

가 126 26가
 가
 8)
 가
 70%
 (Table 2).¹⁹⁾

(8 4)가 가 80% (Table 3).³¹⁾

이경화증(Otosclerosis) 20

Gelle 가 가

가 가 가

33-37)

가 가 38)

가 19)

90%

중이 종양성 질환(Middle ear tumorous lesion)

4가

1) , 2) , 3) , 4)

32)

20 가

Gelle 가

Table 3. Traumatic Ossicular Disruption - Hearing results (24 ears) (postoperative air-bone gap <20 dB)

	No. / Total (%)
1. Complete incus dislocation	8/10 (80)
2. Incomplete incus dislocation	5/ 6 (83.3)
3. Only I-S joint separation	2/ 3 (66.6)
4. M-I joint separation	2/ 2 (100)
5. Incus long process Fx with crus Fx	0/ 1 (0)
6. Stapedial crus Fx	1/ 1 (100)
7. Lateral attic wall Fx	1/ 1 (100)
Total (%)	19/24 (79.2)

I-S : incus-stapes, M-I : malleus-incus, Fx : fracture

(Fig. 1), 7 가 4 가 10 가 5 가 4 가 1950 Wullstein⁴⁴⁾ (tyimpanoplasty) Shambaugh (mastery of temporal bone anatomy) 가 1960 Jansen⁴⁵⁾ intact canal wall mastoidectomy 가 1970 Sheehy⁴⁶⁾ intact canal wall mastoidectomy open cavity mastoidectomy intact canal wall mastoidectomy . 1970

만성 중이염 및 진주종(Chronic otitis media with or without cholesteatoma) (ossiculoplasty)

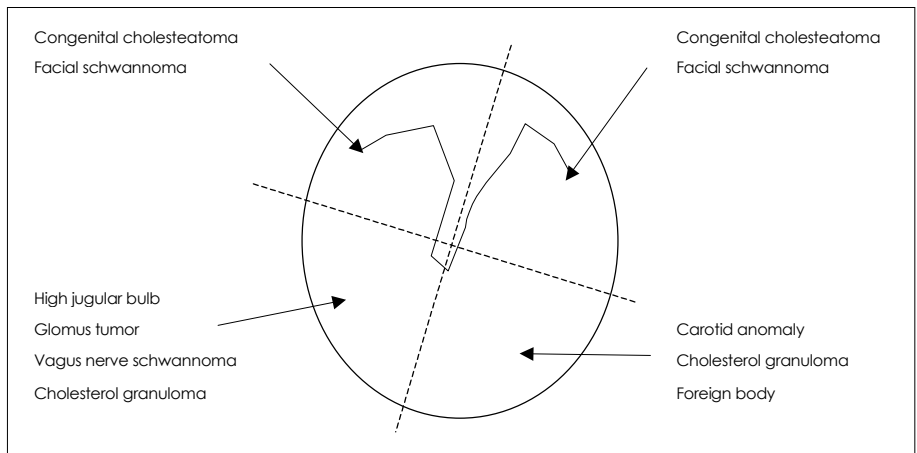


Fig. 1. Mass lesion behind intact eardrum (right side).

Table 4. Hearing results of middle ear surgery according to surgical technique (postoperative airborne gap <20 dB)

		No./Total (%)
Canal wall up	One stage	65/ 29 (50.4)
	Staged	16/ 43 (37.2)
Canal wall down	One stage	70/226 (31.0)
	Staged	10/ 27 (37.0)
Ossiculoplasty only		47/ 78 (60.3)
Total (%)		219/535 (40.9)

Table 5. Extrusion rate of ossicular prosthesis according to surgical technique

		Extrusion (%)
Canal wall up		7/172 (4.1)
Canal wall down		10/253 (4.0)
Ossiculoplasty only		4/107 (3.7)
Total (%)		21/554 (3.8)

(phase cancellation) 가
 50 dB . Wullstein⁵⁸⁾ 1952 (polymer) polyethylene, polytetrafluorethylene(Teflon), silicon rubber(Silastic) polymer 가
 55~60 dB 가 . polycel ceramic TORP(total ossicular replacement prosthesis) PORP(partial ossicular replacement prosthesis)가
 55)56) 59-62) 가 ,
 AAO 3000 Hz 4 가 10 dB , 10~20 dB, 21~30 dB, 30 dB excellent, good, fair, poor ,
 가 Colleti(1991) dB, 21~30 dB, 30 dB ,
 5 18.8 40 dB , 가 20 dB , 15 dB
 dB 22.9 dB 4.1 dB ,
 50.9 dB 57.0 dB 6.1 dB .
 19.1 dB 20.6 dB 1.5 dB ,
 54.6 dB 42.1 dB 12.5 dB ,
 TORP PORP (extrusion rate)
 가 ,
 48)51)59) ,
 (mastoidectomy) .
 (tympanoplasty) ,
 (ossiculoplasty) , fibrin glue 63) ,
 가 (bina-ural hearing)
 . 1966 House 57) 가 30 dB 15 , stainless steel dB 가 64) .

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