

돌발성난청 환자에서의 바이러스 감염에 관한 연구

가톨릭대학교 의과대학 이비인후과학교실
강준명 · 이흥엽 · 윤희로 · 방충일 · 고석윤

Viral Study in Sudden Sensorineural Hearing Loss

Jun-Myung Kang, MD, Heung-Youp Lee, MD, He-Ro Yoon, MD,
Choong-Ill Bang, MD and Seok-Yun Ko, MDDepartment of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery, Holy Family Hospital, College of Medicine,
The Catholic University of Korea, Seoul, Korea

-ABSTRACT-

Background and Objects : Sudden deafness is defined as an abrupt onset of sensorineural hearing loss which develops over a period of hours or a few days without definite cause unilaterally or bilaterally. The etiology and pathophysiology of sudden deafness are controversial at present time, but it is possible for apparent or inapparent viral infections to cause sudden deafness. We performed retrospective study about clinical data in sudden deafness patients and also compared the results of audiologic studies and clinical manifestations between presumed viral infected patients and non-infected patients. **Materials and Methods** : We reviewed the records of 131 patients seen in the past 4 years between 1997 to 2001 who had an initial diagnosis of sudden deafness and measured viral IgM antibody titer about Mumps, Herpes zoster, Cytomegalovirus, Rubella, Epstein Barr virus, Herpes simplex, Measles, Influenza virus. **Results** : Of the 131 patients, 22 patients (16.8%) were serologically proved viral infection. There were no significant differences in associated tinnitus, dizziness and URI history between viral infected group and non-infected group. Hearing recovery rate of viral infected group (23.8 ± 18.5 dB) is greater than non-infected group (15.4 ± 17.4 dB). **Conclusion** : Viral infection is strongly suspected as a causative factor of sudden deafness and viral infected group is better prognosis than non-infected group ($p < 0.05$). (J Clinical Otolaryngol 2002;13:183-187)

KEY WORDS : Virus · Sudden deafness.

서 론

: 2002 10 10
: 2002 11 1
: , 420 - 717
2 가
: (032) 340 - 2110 · : (032) 340 - 2674
E - mail : entkjm@hfh.cuk.ac.kr

(Ig G)가 , ,
 가 ,
 가 Mumps virus, HZV(herpes zoster virus), CMV(cytomegalovirus), Rubella virus, EBV(Ebstein Barr virus), HSV(herpes simplex virus), Measles virus, Influenza virus

Rubella virus, EBV, Measles virus, HSV, Influenza virus A, B IgM IgG
 IgM

. Mumps virus, HZV, CMV, Rubella virus, EBV, Measles virus, HSV ELISA , Influenza virus A, B HI .

3

가 Sheehy
 가

대상 및 방법

대 상

1997 3 2001 5 가

3

3 30 dB

가 가

131

가 , , ,

dextran(rheomacrodex) 500 ml 1
 prednisolone 60 mg 5 , 40 mg 2 , 20 mg 2 , 10 mg 1

방 법

- 70 , ELISA(enzyme linked immunosorbant assay), HI(hemagglutination inhibition)

Mumps virus, HZV, CMV,

91 dB

Siegel

3

SAS(Strategic Application

System, release 6.12)

Student t - test

chi - square

가

Fisher's exact test

, p 0.05

가

결 과

임상양상

131 68 (51.9%) 63
 (48.1%) 44.7 , 30 가 35

(26.7%) 가 , 50 29 (22.1%)

129 (98.4%)

66 , 63 , 2

IgM

22

(16.8%) , CMV 2 , Measles 2 , HSV 3 , EBV

1 , HZV 3 , Mumps 9 , HZV Mumps

1 , Mumps 가

Table 1. Clinical characteristics in viral infected and non-infected group

	Infected group (n=22)	Non-infected group (n=109)
Age (mean)	43.4	46.7
Sex (M : F)	12 : 10	56 : 53
URI history (%)	6 (27.3)	22 (20.1)
Dizziness (%)	16 (27.3)	26 (23.9)
Tinnitus (%)	17 (77.3)	87 (79.8)

Table 2. The type and degree of audiogram in viral infected and non-infected group

	Infected group (n=22)	Non-infected group (n=109)
Initial hearing loss	72.2 ± 13.7 dB	75 ± 22.7 dB
Initial audiogram type		
Ascending	5 (22.7%)	17 (17.3%)
Descending	5 (22.7%)	15 (15.3%)
Flat	9 (40.9%)	44 (44.9%)
Profound	3 (13.6%)	22 (22.4%)
Degree of recovery*		
Complete (I)	6 (27.2%)	19 (19.4%)
Partial (II)	6 (27.2%)	25 (25.5%)
Slight (III)	5 (22.7%)	17 (17.3%)
No (IV)	5 (22.7%)	37 (37.8%)

* : Siegel's classification of recovery
 Complete : final hearing better than 25 dB
 Partial : more than 15 dB gain, final hearing 25 - 45 dB
 Slight : more than 15 dB gain, final hearing poorer than 45 dB
 No : less than 15 dB gain, final hearing poorer than 75 dB

Table 3. Average hearing gain of viral infected and non-infected group

Hearing	Infected group (n=22)	Non-infected group (n=109)	p value
A-C	30.6 ± 15.8 dB	22.5 ± 14.2 dB	0.042
B-C	23.8 ± 10.5 dB	15.4 ± 9.4 dB	0.037

A-C : air conduction B-C : bone conduction

28 (21.4%) , 6 (27.3%)
 22 (20.1%)
 32 (24.4%)
 6 (27.3%) 26 (23.9%)

104 (79.4%) , 17
 (77.3%) 87 (79.8%)
 (Table 1).

청력소실과 회복정도

75 ± 22.7 dB

72.2 ± 13.7 dB,

가 .

. Siegel

17 (77.3%)

61 (55.9%)

(Table 2).

3

15.8 dB,

dB,

dB,

30.6 ±

22.5 ± 14.2

23.8 ± 10.5

15.4 ± 9.4 dB

(p<0.05, Table 3).

고 찰

, 12

.¹⁾

, 가

,¹⁾

(neuronitis) 가

.⁵⁾

50 가

,⁶⁾

.⁷⁾ 30 (26.3%)

가

가

mumps, measles, herpes zoster,

infectious mononucleosis, congenital rubella, cyto-
 megalovirus ,
 28% 1
 1)
 28 (21.4%) ,
 . Mumps herpes zoster
 가 ,
 가 . (p>0.05).
 cell) , , (hair 가 ,
 , 70~90%
 2)8)
 HSV, HZV, CMV, influenza, parainfluenza,
 mumps, measles, EBV, adenovirus herpes , acyclovir
 가 3)9)10)
 0~67% 11) 16)
 IgM 1
 , 12)
 가 , 17)
 IgG 가 3)18)
 가 ,
 가 IgM 23.8 ± 10.5 dB,
 15.4 ± 9.4 dB
 (p<0.05).
 가 가
 IgM
 12)13) 131
 22 (16.8%) IgM 가
 1 HZV mumps 가
 가

구분	비율	비율
가	22 (16.8%)	131
가		131
중심 단어 :		IgM

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