

## 두경부에 광범위하게 발생한 기무라씨병 1예

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A Case Report of Kimura's Disease Involving Extensive  
Areas on the Head and Neck

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## - ABSTRACT -

Kimura's disease, a disease of unknown origin, is a chronic inflammatory disorder presenting with a triad of painless soft tissue masses, regional lymphadenopathy and peripheral eosinophilia but sometimes with pain and tenderness. There are solitary or multiple soft tissue masses or subcutaneous nodules on the head and neck in most cases. Kimura's disease usually occurs in younger asian men and has regional localization, but renal manifestations may be the only visceral localization of the disease. We experienced a 38-year-old female patient with much frequently relapsing Kimura's disease once per month and renal disease, so we report this case with the current literatures. (*J Clinical Otolaryngol* 2001;12:129-133)

**KEY WORD** : Kimura's disease.

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eosinophilia)

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, ALHE(angiolymphoid hyperplasia with

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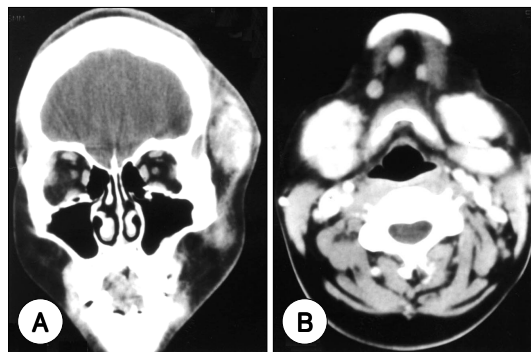
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(Fig. 1).

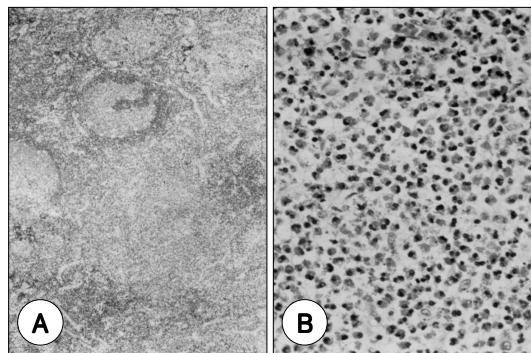


**Fig. 1.** A and B : A 3 × 3 cm left temporal mass, a 5 × 10 cm left parotid mass, 5 × 5 cm both submandibular masses and both lacrimal gland swelling in a 38-year-old woman.



**Fig. 2.** A : Postcontrast facial coronal CT scan shows ill-defined, enhanced heterogeneous soft tissue mass in the Left temporalis muscle area and left parotid region with somewhat infiltrating pattern. B : The axial scan shows multiple enhanced round or oval shaped nodes in the submental, left submandibular and internal jugular area. Prominent both submandibular glands with enhancement are noted.

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**Fig. 3.** A : There are some lymph follicles with interfollicular eosinophils and proliferation of blood vessels (H & E × 100). B : There are eosinophilic microabscess and deposition of hyalinelike materials in the follicle (H & E × 400).

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receptor (Fc epsilonR)가 , IgE 가 가  
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,<sup>16)</sup>  
IgA, IgM, C<sub>3</sub>

ALHE, , Mikuliz , Sjgren , 중심 단어 :  
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가 .

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rettage

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