

경부 관통상에 의한 이물 2례

김요완 · 김창석 · 최득록 · 전성호

Two Cases of Foreign Bodies by Penetrating Wound in the Neck

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- ABSTRACT -

Foreign bodies in aerodigestive tract are one of the most frequently observed accidental cases in otolaryngological fields. Almost all foreign bodies are either ingested or inhaled. Authors experienced two unusual cases of foreign bodies that were not ingested or inhaled. One of them was lodged in the right lower bronchus after penetration through a wound in the neck. The other was found in the hypopharynx after penetration through a wound in the neck. Both foreign bodies were successfully removed with the endoscope. So, we present these cases with literature review. (*J Clinical Otolaryngol* 1999;10:100-104)

KEY WORDS : Foreign body · Penetrating wound · Bronchus · Hypopharynx · Neck.

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(Fig. 1).

1.5 cm

(Fig. 2).
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 (ventilating bronchoscope)

0.8 x 1.0 cm



Fig. 1. Patient with external wound on anterior aspect of neck.

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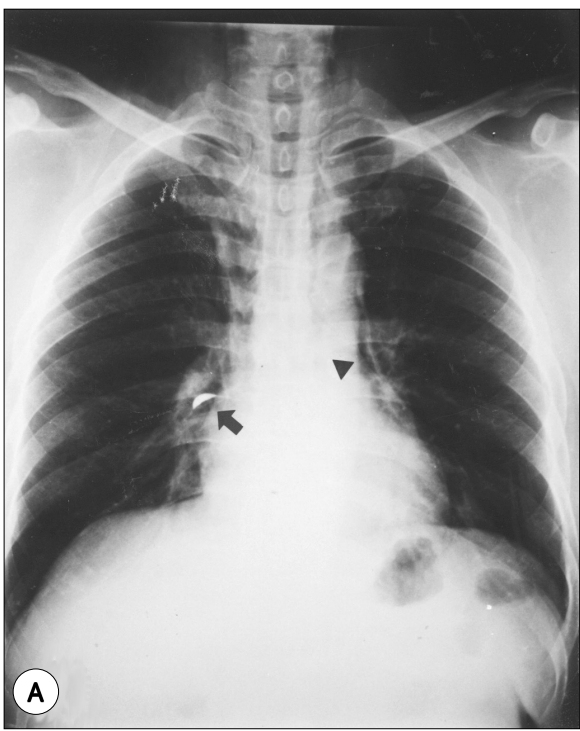


Fig. 2. Chest PA (A) and lateral view (B) shows a radio-opaque foreign body (arrow) in right lower bronchus and pneumomediastinum (arrowhead).

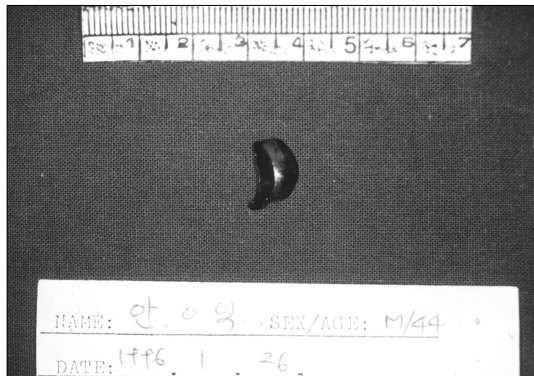


Fig. 3. Removed foreign body.



Fig. 4. Patient with external wound on lateral aspect of neck.

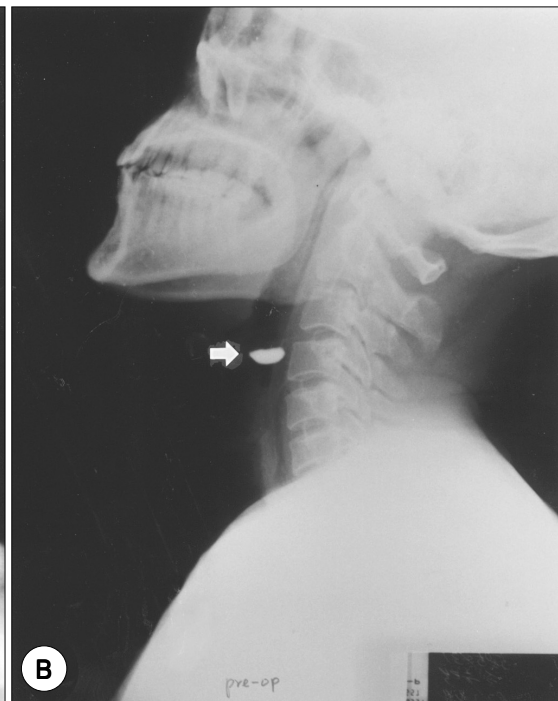
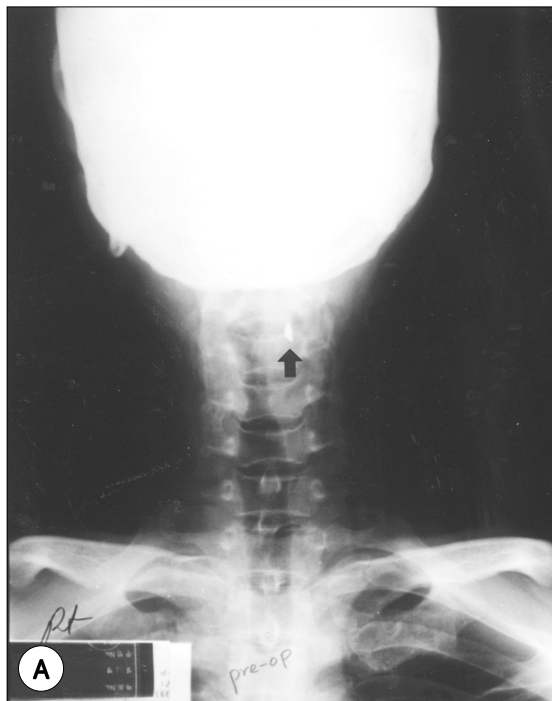


Fig. 5. Neck AP (A) and lateral (B) shows a radio-opaque foreign body (arrow) at posterior wall of hypopharynx.

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(Fig.

(Fig. 6)

, 1.2 x 0.7 cm

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(Fig. 7).

(Fig. 5).

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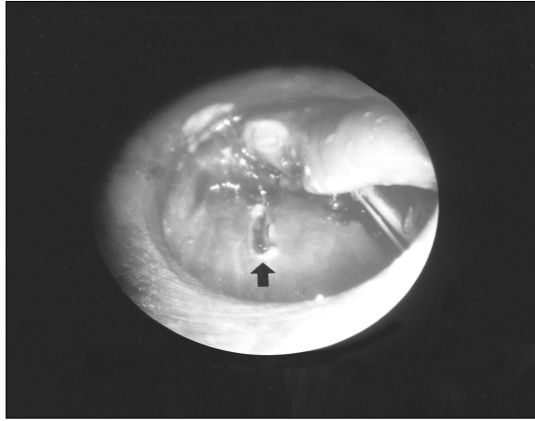


Fig. 6. A laryngoscopy revealed a foreign body (arrow) impacted at posterior wall of hypopharynx.



Fig. 7. Removed foreign body.

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stereotactic sy -

결 론

중심 단어 :

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